

兔抗 ATP6V1D 多克隆抗体

中文名称： 兔抗 ATP6V1D 多克隆抗体

英文名称： Anti-ATP6V1D rabbit polyclonal antibody

别 名： ATPase H⁺ transporting V1 subunit D; VATD; VMA8; ATP6M

相关类别： 一抗

储 存： 冷冻 (-20°C)

宿 主： Rabbit

抗 原： ATP6V1D

反应种属： Human, Mouse

标记物： Unconjugate

克隆类型： rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:

This gene encodes a component of vacuolar ATPase (V-ATPase), a multisubunit enzyme that mediates acidification of eukaryotic intracellular organelles. V-ATPase dependent organelle acidification is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen activation, receptor-mediated endocytosis, and synaptic vesicle proton gradient generation. V-ATPase is composed of a cytosolic V1 domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. The V1 domain consists of three A and three B subunits, two G subunits plus the C, D, E, F, and H subunits. The V1 domain contains the ATP catalytic site. The V0 domain consists of five different subunits: a, c, c', c'', and d. Additional isoforms of many of the V1 and V0 subunit proteins are encoded.

	d by multiple genes or alternatively spliced transcript variants. This gene encodes the V1 domain D subunit protein.
Applications:	ELISA, WB, IHC
Name of antibody:	ATP6V1D
Immunogen:	Fusion protein of human ATP6V1D
Full name:	ATPase H ⁺ transporting V1 subunit D
Synonyms:	VATD; VMA8; ATP6M
SwissProt:	Q9Y5K8
ELISA Recommended dilution:	5000-10000
IHC positive control:	Human thyroid cancer and Human colorectal cancer
IHC Recommend dilution:	100-300
WB Predicted band size:	28 kDa
WB Positive control:	Human fetal brain tissue lysate
WB Recommended dilution:	500-2000



